Table 1. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2005

		2005		Cases wit			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
All industries including State and local government ⁶		4,223.9	5.6	2.7	1.3	1.4	2.9
Private industry ⁶		3,645.3	5.3	2.7	1.2	1.4	2.6
Goods producing ⁶		898.1	8.0	4.2	1.8	2.4	3.7
Natural resources and mining ^{6,7}		26.8	5.1	2.1	1.5	0.5	3.0
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	11	20.2	5.7	2.3	1.7	0.6	3.4
Crop production ⁶	111 112	12.7 3.2	3.5 	1.8 5.4	1.3 4.4	0.5 	1.7
Mining ⁷	21	6.7	3.1	1.2	0.9	0.3	1.9
Construction		188.7	6.0	2.9	2.2	0.7	3.1
Construction	23	188.7	6.0	2.9	2.2	0.7	3.1
Construction of buildings	236	45.2	4.0	1.9		0.4	2.1
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	18.4	7.2	5.3	3.8	1.5	2.0
Specialty trade contractors	238	125.0	6.5	2.9	2.1	0.7	3.6
Manufacturing		682.6	8.6	4.6	1.7	2.9	3.9
Manufacturing	31-33	682.6	8.6	4.6	1.7	2.9	3.9
Food manufacturing	311	32.8	7.6	4.4	1.7	2.6	3.2
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	312	4.6	13.5	8.9	3.2	5.7	4.6
Textile product mills	314	2.4	2.3	1.1	0.7	(11)	1.2
Wood product manufacturing	321	11.4	8.8	5.0	3.0	2.0	3.8
Paper manufacturing	322 323	14.8 18.0	7.1 4.2	4.5 2.6	2.8 1.3	1.7 1.3	2.6 1.6

Table 1. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2005 – Continued

		2005			h days away fror ansfer, or restrict			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases	
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	324	1.5	6.7	1.8			4.9	
Chemical manufacturing	325	29.4	3.3	2.0	0.8	1.1	1.4	
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	42.8	10.6	5.7	1.4	4.3	5.0	
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	16.3	8.9	5.3	2.1	3.2	3.6	
Primary metal manufacturing	331	27.1	8.2	3.7	1.1	2.6		
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	84.1	9.7	5.3	2.6	2.7	4.4	
Machinery manufacturing	333	75.4	8.1	3.8	1.6	2.1	4.3	
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	19.9	2.6	1.5	0.4	1.1	1.1	
Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing	335	13.8	3.7	2.1	0.8	1.4	1.5	
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	242.2	10.3	5.7	1.8	3.9 2.2	4.5	
Furniture and related product manufacturing	337 339	25.7 17.6	7.3 5.3	3.2 2.3	1.0 0.9	2.2 1.4	4.1 2.9	
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	17.0	5.3	2.3	0.9	1.4	2.9	
Service providing		2,747.2	4.2	2.0	1.0	1.0	2.2	
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹		798.5	5.2	2.8	1.4	1.5	2.4	
Wholesale trade	42	169.4	4.5	2.7	1.4	1.3	1.9	
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	95.9	3.3	1.2	0.8	0.4	2.1	
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	49.3	8.3	6.2	2.9	3.2	2.1	
Wholesale electronic markets and agents and brokers	425	24.2	2.4	1.8	0.8		0.6	
Retail trade	44-45	506.6	4.5	2.3	1.0	1.3	2.2	
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	61.3	3.4	1.7	1.1	0.6	1.7	
Furniture and home furnishings stores	442	18.3	5.1	3.0	2.0	1.1	2.1	
Electronics and appliance stores	443	17.9	2.8	1.6	0.7	0.9	1.2	
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	46.1	5.3	1.6	0.8	0.8	3.7	
Food and beverage stores	445	85.3	4.7	2.8	0.9	1.8	1.9	
Health and personal care stores	446	33.0	2.3	0.9	0.3	0.5	1.4	
Gasoline stations	447	25.6	2.7	1.3	0.8	0.5	1.4	
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	448	41.4 24.2	2.3 3.1	0.5	0.3 0.5	0.2	1.9	
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	451 452	24.2 114.6	3.1 7.7	1.2 4.5	0.5 1.5	0.7 3.0	1.9 3.3	
Miscellaneous store retailers	452 453	29.5	1.9	4.5 1.4	1.5	0.3	3.3 0.6	
The second secon	100	20.0	1.5	1.4		0.0	5.5	

Table 1. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2005 – Continued

		2005		Cases wit			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Nonstore retailers	454	9.4	3.6	2.4	1.7	0.7	1.1
Transportation and warehousing ⁹	48-49	101.8	9.0	5.2	2.6	2.5	3.8
Air transportation Rail transportation Truck transportation Transit and ground passenger transportation Pipeline transportation Scenic and sightseeing transportation Support activities for transportation	482 484 485 486 487 488	15.2 37.1 4.9 1.2 0.4 14.3	11.2 2.4 8.4 6.8 11.9 (11) 6.5	7.9 1.9 4.7 3.5 7.4 (11) 4.8	2.8 1.7 3.3 2.3 4.2 (11) 3.3	5.1 (11) 1.4 1.2 3.1 (11) 1.5	3.4 0.5 3.8 3.3 4.5 (11)
Couriers and messengers		12.5 20.7	11.9 4.5	7.4 2.4	1.8 1.4	5.5 1.0	4.5 2.1
Utilities	221	20.7	4.5	2.4	1.4	1.0	2.1
Information		67.1	2.4	1.4	0.8	0.6	1.0
Information	51	67.1	2.4	1.4	0.8	0.6	1.0
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511 517	24.7 22.1	2.8 3.0	1.7 1.8	0.6 1.4	1.1 0.4	1.1 1.2
Financial activities		212.8	2.3	1.1	0.6	0.5	1.2
Finance and insurance	52	156.8	1.0	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.7
Monetary authorities - central bank	522 524	0.3 86.8 56.4 56.0	(11) 0.9 1.2 5.9	(¹¹) 0.4 0.4 3.1	(11) 0.3 0.3 1.5	(¹¹) 0.1 1.7	(11) 0.5 0.9 2.7
Real estate		38.3 16.8	5.9 6.0	3.1 3.2	1.3 1.8	1.8 1.3	2.8 2.8

Table 1. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2005 – Continued

Michigan

		2005		Cases wit			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets (except copyrighted works)	533	0.8	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)
Professional and business services		589.1	2.0	0.9	0.8	0.2	1.1
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	246.5	1.5	0.6	0.4	0.2	1.0
Management of companies and enterprises	55	65.6	1.7	0.8	0.6	0.3	0.9
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services \dots	56						
Waste management and remediation services	562	11.5	7.8	4.7	2.9	1.8	3.1
Education and health services		549.4	6.4	2.9	1.2	1.7	3.5
Educational services	61	59.1	1.8	0.4	0.2	0.2	1.4
Educational services	611	59.1	1.8	0.4	0.2	0.2	1.4
Health care and social assistance	62	490.3	6.9	3.2	1.3	1.9	3.7
Ambulatory health care services Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities Social assistance Leisure and hospitality	622 623 624	165.5 181.1 88.9 54.7 401.4	2.2 9.8 10.2 6.3 4.8	0.8 3.8 6.4 3.0	0.3 1.6 2.4 1.6	0.5 2.3 4.0 1.4	1.4 6.0 3.8 3.3
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	61.0	7.0	3.1	1.6	1.5	3.9
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	48.1	5.8	2.4	1.6	0.8	3.4
Accommodation and food services	72	340.4	4.3	1.3	0.6	0.7	3.0
Accommodation	721 722	33.9 306.5	9.1 3.7	4.1 1.0	1.7 0.5	2.4 0.5	5.0 2.8
Other services		128.8	3.6	1.7	0.9	0.8	1.9

Table 1. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2005 -- Continued

		2005		Cases with			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Other services, except public administration	81	128.8	3.6	1.7	0.9	0.8	1.9
Repair and maintenance Personal and laundry services Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations State and local government State government Service providing Education and health services Educational services Educational services Health care and social assistance Public administration Justice, public order, and safety activities Administration of economic programs	61 61 62 92	41.2 40.5 47.1 578.6 137.5 93.4 69.7 69.7 23.7 	5.0 3.7 2.1 7.8 3.9 3.9 4.5 2.7 2.7 8.9 2.9 2.9 3.8 2.8	2.2 2.0 1.0 3.2 1.6 1.6 1.7 1.1 3.3 1.5 1.5	1.2 0.8 0.8 2.0 1.0 1.0 0.8 0.5 0.5 1.5 1.2 1.2 1.7 1.1	1.0 1.2 0.2 1.2 0.7 0.7 0.9 0.5 0.5 1.8 0.3 0.3	2.8 1.7 1.1 4.5 2.3 2.8 1.6 1.6 5.6 1.3 1.3 1.8 1.3
Local government		441.2	9.2	3.8	2.4	1.5	5.4
Goods producing ⁶		5.7		8.0 8.0	6.6 6.6	1.4 1.4	
Service providing		435.5	9.0	3.7	2.3	1.5	5.3

Table 1. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2005 – Continued

Michigan

Industry ²		2005			Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction				
	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases		
			40.4	0.5		1.0			
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹		5.5	13.1	6.5	5.3	1.2	6.6		
Transportation and warehousing ⁹	48-49	4.2	14.7	7.3	6.3		7.4		
Utilities	22		8.8	4.4	2.6	1.8	4.4		
Financial activities		0.2	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)		
Education and health services		284.0	9.1	3.2	1.9	1.3	5.9		
Educational services	61	262.0	8.8	2.8	1.7	1.1			
Educational services	611	262.0	8.8	2.8	1.7	1.1			
Health care and social assistance	62	22.0	11.6	6.6	3.3	3.3	4.9		
Hospitals	622	13.6	9.7	4.1	2.5	1.6	5.6		
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	6.2	20.6	14.9	6.2	8.7	5.7		
Leisure and hospitality		8.9	11.8	8.9	0.6	8.3	3.0		
Public administration		131.7	8.7	4.2	3.0	1.2	4.4		
Public administration	92	131.7	8.7	4.2	3.0	1.2	4.4		
			<u> </u>						

Table 1. Incidence rates 1 of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2005 -- Continued

		2005		Cases wit			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Executive, legislative, and other general government support		119.3 7.5	8.8 7.5	4.3 3.1	3.1 1.7	1.3 1.4	4.5 4.4

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ North American Industry Classification System 2002 Edition

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages.

⁵ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁷ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2002) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and

⁹ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

¹⁰ Incidence rate less than 0.05.

¹¹ Fewer than 15 cases.